MMORNING CONSULT ${ }^{\circ}$

## METHODOLOGY

This poll was conducted between September 24 - October 262021 among a sample of 1899 Adults in Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah, and Wyoming. The interviews were conducted online and the data were weighted to approximate a target sample of Adults in Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah, and Wyoming based on gender by age, educational attainment, race and ethnicity and 2020 presidential vote choice (including not voting).

Results from the full survey have a margin of error of plus or minus 2 percentage points

## KEY FINDINGS

1. Perceptions of democracy, fairness, and confidence related to the federal government are weak among adults in the five states surveyed.

- Less than one in ten adults have a very favorable view of the federal government and Congress in each of the states surveyed. And, less than one in ten adults have a lot of confidence in the federal government and Congress to act in the best interest of the public in each of the states surveyed.
- Three quarters of adults in the five states surveyed say they often or sometimes feel alienated from their federal government (74\%). And, half of adults in the five states surveyed believe that everyday people ( $51 \%$ ) and people in rural areas $(48 \%)$ are treated unfairly by the federal government.
- Most adults in the five states surveyed (55\%) agree with the statement "The federal government works to benefit other groups of people, but not people like me."

2. However, this is not true for all levels of government. Adults in the five states surveyed express a higher confidence in democracy and fairness at the state and local level.

- Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed have a favorable view of their local government (57\%) and their state government (53\%). And, majorities of adults in the fives states surveyed have confidence in their local government ( $61 \%$ ) and their state government ( $57 \%$ ) to act in the best interest of the general public.
- Adults in the five states surveyed are more likely to be concerned about democracy in the United States ( $85 \%$ ) than in their own state ( $57 \%$ ). And, out of the entities or officials tested, adults in each of the five states surveyed are less likely to say they feel alienated by their local government.
- Pluralities of adults in the five states surveyed believe everyday people ( $41 \%$ ) and people in rural areas ( $44 \%$ ) are treated fairly by their local government. And, across each of the states surveyed, adults are least likely to agree "local government works to benefit other groups of people, but not people like me" compared to the same statement for the federal and state government.


## KEY FINDINGS

3. Respondents say finding common ground across political ideologies is difficult.

- $80 \%$ of adults in the five states surveyed say they believe Americans of different political viewpoints have a difficult time talking to one another about politics.

4. Adults in the five states surveyed are worried about the health of democracy but say there are ways to strengthen it.

- Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed are concerned about democracy in the United States (85\%) and in their own state (57\%).
- However, of the options tested, adults in the five states surveyed say instituting term limits (29\%) and holding politicians accountable for illegal or unethical behavior (28\%) would be most likely to strengthen democracy.

5. Adults in the five states surveyed worry about misinformation and many distrust the legitimacy of the 2020 presidential election.

- Strong majorities of adults in the five states surveyed say they are worried about misrepresentation of facts (83\%) and misinformation (83\%). And, only $51 \%$ of adults in the five states surveyed believe that former Vice President Joe Biden legitimately defeated incumbent President Donald Trump in the November 2020 Presidential election.

6. Thinking about the events of January $6^{\text {th }}, 2021$ on the U.S. Capitol, majorities adults in the five states surveyed say political violence is not justified; however, a smaller share do. And, many believe it is likely we will see political violence in the future.

- While $58 \%$ of adults in the five states surveyed say political violence is not justified in a democracy, $20 \%$ say political violence is justified when things have gotten so bad that the government is not acting in the best interest of the people.
- Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed say it is likely the U.S. sees violence in the future similar to the events at the U.S. Capitol on January 6th, 2021.


# GENERAL SENTIMENT 

## STATE OF DEMOCRACY <br> PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION <br> 2020 ELECTION <br> VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE

## KEY FINDINGS: GENERAL SENTIMENT

1. Adults in the five states surveyed believe things in the country are headed in the wrong track (71\%); however, they are split on whether things are going in the right direction (53\%) or the wrong track ( $47 \%$ ) when it comes to their own state.
2. While majorities of adults in the five states surveyed have a favorable view of the United States (62\%), their local government (57\%), and their state government (53\%), less than one in ten say they have a favorable opinion of the federal government (7\%) and Congress (6\%).
3. Adults in the five states surveyed are less likely to have confidence in the Presidency (35\%), the federal government (36\%), and Congress (31\%) to act in the best interest of the public than they do their state (57\%) and local government (61\%).

Approximately three quarters of adults in the five states surveyed believe things in the country are generally headed off on the wrong track (71\%).
Generally speaking, would you say that things in the country are generally headed in the right direction, or do you feel things are headed off on the wrong track?


Republicans (88\%) and Independents (78\%) in the five states surveyed are more likely than Democrats ( $36 \%$ ) to believe things in this country are generally headed off on the wrong track.
Generally speaking, would you say that things in the country are generally headed in the right direction, or do you feel things are headed off on the wrong track?Right directionWrong track


## general sentiment

However, half of adults in the five states surveyed believe things in their state are generally headed in the right direction (53\%).
Now thinking specifically about your state, would you say that things in [STATE] are generally headed in the right direction, or do you feel things are headed off on the wrong track?


A bipartisan majority of adults in the five states surveyed believe things in their state are generally headed in the right direction (Dem. $59 \%$, Rep. $58 \%$ ).
Now thinking specifically about your state, would you say that things in [STATE] are generally headed in the right direction, or do you feel things are headed off on the wrong track?Right direction
Wrong track


Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed have a favorable view of the United States (62\%), their local government (57\%) and their state government (53\%).
Do you have a favorable or unfavorable impression of each of the following?

general sentiment
However, less than one in ten adults have a very favorable view of the federal government and Congress in each of the states surveyed.
Do you have a favorable or unfavorable impression of each of the following?

| \% very favorable / total favorable | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The United States | 29\% / 62\% | 35\% / 65\% | 32\% / 66\% | 27\% / 62\% | 26\% / 60\% | 32\% / 59\% |
| Your local government | 15\% / 57\% | 14\% / 58\% | 17\% / 60\% | 13\% / 49\% | 17\% / 64\% | 18\% / 60\% |
| Your state government | 13\% / 53\% | 9\% / 53\% | 17\% / 59\% | 14\% / 46\% | 12\% / 58\% | 15\% / 57\% |
| The Presidency | 13\% / 35\% | 11\% / 30\% | 10\% / 35\% | 17\% / 42\% | 11\% / 32\% | 8\% / 24\% |
| The U.S. Supreme Court | 10\% / 45\% | 10\% / 45\% | 10\% / 47\% | 12\% / 46\% | 9\% / 47\% | 9\% / 43\% |
| Judges | 8\% / 47\% | 8\% / 50\% | 8\% / 51\% | 9\% / 44\% | 8\% / 48\% | 9\% / 42\% |
| The federal government | 7\% / 30\% | 5\% / 28\% | 5\% / 30\% | 8\% / 36\% | 6\% / 26\% | 8\% / 23\% |
| The United States Congress | 6\% / 28\% | 6\% / 25\% | 4\% / 23\% | 7\% / 32\% | 5\% / 29\% | 8\% / 23\% |

Majorities of adults in the fives states surveyed have confidence in their local government (61\%), their state government ( $57 \%$ ), and judges ( $54 \%$ ) to act in the best interest of the public.
How much confidence do you have in each of the following, if any, to act in the best interests of the public?


## general sentiment

However, less than one in ten adults have a lot of confidence in the federal government and Congress to act in the best interest of the public in each of the states surveyed.
How much confidence do you have in each of the following, if any, to act in the best interests of the public?

| \% a lot / total confidence | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Your local government | 16\% / 61\% | 14\% / 62\% | 19\% / 67\% | 15\% / 53\% | 17\% / 66\% | 20\% / 66\% |
| Your state government | 15\% / 57\% | 12\% / 58\% | 16\% / 60\% | 15\% / 50\% | 17\% / 62\% | 17\% / 61\% |
| The U.S. Supreme Court | 13\% / 51\% | 13\% / 52\% | 14\% / 53\% | 13\% / 48\% | 13\% / 54\% | 12\% / 51\% |
| The Presidency | 13\% / 35\% | 12\% / 30\% | 10\% / 35\% | 19\% / 42\% | 9\% / 33\% | 10\% / 26\% |
| Judges | 11\% / 54\% | 13\% / 54\% | 10\% / 55\% | 10\% / 54\% | 10\% / 54\% | 10\% / 49\% |
| The federal government | 7\% / 36\% | 5\% / 33\% | 5\% / 33\% | 9\% / 41\% | 6\% / 33\% | 8\% / 29\% |
| The United States Congress | 6\% / 31\% | 6\% / 29\% | 3\% / 28\% | 9\% / 37\% | 5\% / 29\% | 6\% / 26\% |

## GENERAL SENTIMENT

STATE OF DEMOCRACY
PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND
MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION
2020 ELECTION
VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE

## KEY FINDINGS: STATE OF DEMOCRACY

1. Half of adults in the five states surveyed say 'concerned' best describes their views on health of democracy in the United States (50\%).
2. When asked directly, nearly all adults ( $85 \%$ ) in the five states surveyed say they are concerned about the health of democracy in the United States and majorities say they are concerned about the health of democracy in their state (57\%).
3. Majorities of adults say the spread of misinformation (64\%), money in politics (56\%), and politically motivated violence (54\%) are very concerning for democracy in the United States. And, of the options tested, adults in the five states surveyed say instituting term limits (29\%) and holding politicians accountable for illegal or unethical behavior (28\%) would be most likely to strengthen democracy.

Of the sentiments tested, adults in the five states surveyed are most likely to say they are concerned about the health of democracy in the United States (50\%).
Thinking about the health of democracy in the U.S., which of the following best describes how you feel? Please select up to three options.


Adults in the five states surveyed are more likely to be concerned about democracy in the United States ( $85 \%$ ) than in their own state (57\%).
How concerned are you, if at all, about the health of democracy in each of the following:


Out of the states surveyed, adults in Nevada are most likely to be very concerned about the health of democracy in their state (27\%).
How concerned are you, if at all, about the health of democracy in each of the following:

| \% very concerned $/$ total |
| :---: |
| concerned |

Five states

Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed say the spread of misinformation (64\%), money in politics (56\%), and politically motivated violence (54\%) are very concerning for democracy in the United States. How concerning, if at all, are each of the following for democracy in the U.S.?


Of the options tested, adults in the five states surveyed are most likely to say holding politicians accountable for illegal or unethical behavior would help strengthen democracy (62\%).
From the following list of options, what do you believe, if anything, would help strengthen democracy in the U.S.? Please select all that


Of the options tested, adults in the five states surveyed say instituting term limits (29\%) and holding politicians accountable for illegal or unethical behavior (28\%) would be most likely to strengthen democracy.
And which of the following do you believe would be MOST likely to help strengthen democracy in the U.S.? Please select up to three options.

Selected


## GENERAL SENTIMENT STATE OF DEMOCRACY

## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION
2020 ELECTION
VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE

## KEY FINDINGS: PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

1. Strong majorities of adults in the five states surveyed say they believe Americans of different political viewpoints have a difficult time talking to one another about politics (80\%). And, approximately two thirds of adults in the five states surveyed say Americans rarely or never shift their own (62\%) or someone else's political opinions (65\%).
2. Adults in the five states surveyed say they feel alienated from their federal government (74\%). And, majorities of adults in the five states surveyed believe Americans living in rural areas do not have enough influence in national politics (59\%).
3. Adults in the five states surveyed are also more likely to say rural adults are treated unfairly by the federal government (48\%) than they are to say the same about their state (38\%) and local government (34\%).

## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Approximately two thirds of adults in the five states surveyed say they rarely or never shift their own ( $63 \%$ ) or someone else's political opinions ( $69 \%$ ).
How often, if at all, would you say you do each of the following?


And, approximately two thirds of adults in the five states surveyed say American adults rarely or never shift their own (62\%) or someone else's political opinions (65\%).
And, how often, if at all, would you say American adults do each of the following?


## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

$80 \%$ of adults in the five states surveyed say they believe Americans of different political viewpoints have a difficult time talking to one another about politics.
Generally, do you believe that Americans of different political viewpoints have an [easy] time or [difficult] time talking to one another about politics?


## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed across key demographics believe that Americans of different political viewpoints have difficult time talking to one another about politics.
Generally, do you believe that Americans of different political viewpoints have an [easy] time or a [difficult] time talking to one another about politics?


## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Three quarters of adults in the five states surveyed say they often or sometimes feel alienated from their federal government (74\%).
How often, if ever, do you feel alienated from:


## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Out of the entities or officials tested, adults in each of the five states surveyed are less likely to say they feel alienated by their local government.
How often, if ever, do you feel alienated from:

| \% often / often + sometimes alienated | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Your federal government | 46\% / 74\% | 45\% / 75\% | 54\% / 80\% | 42\% / 68\% | 48\% / 78\% | 45\% / 71\% |
| Your representative in Congress | 37\% / 67\% | 34\% / 65\% | 46\% / 75\% | 37\% / 61\% | 35\% / 70\% | 32\% / 62\% |
| Politics generally | 35\% / 70\% | 34\% / 68\% | 43\% / 77\% | 30\% / 66\% | 37\% / 72\% | 35\% / 65\% |
| Your senators | 34\% / 65\% | 32\% / 64\% | 34\% / 71\% | 36\% / 62\% | 36\% / 71\% | 30\% / 58\% |
| Your state government | 27\% / 58\% | 25\% / 59\% | 30\% / 63\% | 30\% / 57\% | 25\% / 59\% | 20\% / 52\% |
| Your local government | 24\% / 54\% | 20\% / 51\% | 25\% / 55\% | 26\% / 57\% | 23\% / 53\% | 23\% / 53\% |

## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Adults in the five states surveyed are less likely to be satisfied with services they receive from the federal government than they are with those from their local or state government.
How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the services you receive from the following?


Majorities of adults in Idaho (57\%), Montana (57\%), Utah (59\%), and Wyoming (53\%) say they are satisfied with the services they receive from local government.
How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the services you receive from the following?


## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Half of adults in the five states surveyed believe that everyday people (51\%) and people in rural areas ( $48 \%$ ) are treated unfairly by the federal government.
Please indicate if you believe each of the following groups of people gets treated fairly or unfairly by the...


Majorities of adults in each of the five states surveyed say elites are treated fairly by the federal government, but not people in urban areas, everyday people or people in rural areas.
Please indicate if you believe each of the following groups of people gets treated fairly or unfairly by the federal government

| \% mostly fairly | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elites | 62\% | 55\% | 63\% | 65\% | 64\% | 55\% |
| People in urban areas | 36\% | 40\% | 37\% | 35\% | 35\% | 35\% |
| Everyday people | 28\% | 30\% | 22\% | 26\% | 30\% | 24\% |
| People in rural areas | 27\% | 26\% | 22\% | 29\% | 26\% | 24\% |

## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Majorities of adults in each of the five states surveyed say elites are treated fairly by the state government, but not everyday people or people in rural areas.
Please indicate if you believe each of the following groups of people gets treated fairly or unfairly by the state government

| \% mostly fairly | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elites | 60\% | 57\% | 62\% | 59\% | 64\% | 56\% |
| People in urban areas | 46\% | 51\% | 46\% | 42\% | 48\% | 46\% |
| Everyday people | 42\% | 44\% | 40\% | 36\% | 46\% | 45\% |
| People in rural areas | 37\% | 38\% | 39\% | 35\% | 37\% | 41\% |

PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND
However, two in five adults in each of the states surveyed say that people in rural areas are treated fairly by the local government.
Please indicate if you believe each of the following groups of people gets treated fairly or unfairly by your local (town, city, or county) government

| \% mostly fairly | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elites | 60\% | 59\% | 63\% | 60\% | 61\% | 53\% |
| People in urban areas | 47\% | 53\% | 48\% | 44\% | 48\% | 42\% |
| Everyday people | 44\% | 52\% | 44\% | 39\% | 45\% | 43\% |
| People in rural areas | 41\% | 45\% | 43\% | 38\% | 42\% | 39\% |

## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Of those tested, adults in the five states surveyed are most likely to agree with the statement "The federal government works to benefit other groups of people, but not people like me (55\%)." Do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?


Across each of the states surveyed, adults are least likely to agree "local government works to benefit other groups of people, but not people like me," of the statements tested.
Do you agree or disagree with each of the following statement?

| \% strongly agree / total agree | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The federal government works to benefit other groups of people, but not people like me | 26\% / 59\% | 28\% / 59\% | 30\% / 63\% | 26\% / 60\% | 25\% / 58\% | 27\% / 57\% |
| My state government works to benefit other groups of people, but not people like me | 16\% / 46\% | 15\% / 44\% | 15\% / 49\% | 19\% / 53\% | 14\% / 41\% | 15\% / 44\% |
| My local government works to benefit other groups of people, but not people like me | 15\% / 42\% | 12\% / 39\% | 13\% / 42\% | 21\% / 50\% | 11\% / 36\% | 17\% / 44\% |

## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed believe Americans living in rural areas do not have enough influence in national politics (59\%).
Thinking specifically about where people reside, do you believe Americans living in each of the following have enough influence in national politics?


## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Less than approximately one in ten adults in each of the states surveyed say that rural adults definitely have enough influence in national politics.
Thinking specifically about where people reside, do you believe Americans living in each of the following have enough influence in national politics?

| \% definitely / definitely + probably | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Urban areas | 22\% / 55\% | 19\% / 52\% | 20\% / 52\% | 24\% / 56\% | 24\% / 59\% | 20\% / 51\% |
| Suburban areas | 15\% / 52\% | 14\% / 51\% | 10\% / 53\% | 18\% / 53\% | 14\% / 51\% | 13\% / 49\% |
| Rural areas | 8\% / 25\% | 6\% / 24\% | 5\% / 19\% | 11\% / 29\% | 7\% / 25\% | 7\% / 21\% |

Two thirds of adults in the five states surveyed say finding compromise and common ground (66\%) is more important to them in an elected official than standing their ground and pushing their own party's agenda ( $17 \%$ ).
Thinking about what you want out of an elected official, which of these attributes is more important to you?


## PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND

Republicans (24\%) are slightly more likely than Democrats (13\%) in the five states surveyed to want an elected official who stands their ground and pushes their political party's own agenda.
Thinking about what you want out of an elected official, which of these attributes is more important to you?

GENERAL SENTIMENT
STATE OF DEMOCRACY
PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND
MEDIA AND MISINFORMATION
2020 ELECTION
VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE

## KEY FINDINGS: MEDIA AND MISINFORMATION

1. Adults in the five states surveyed are most likely to get their news from national news (39\%) and local television news ( $38 \%$ ), of the options tested. Of the media channels tested, adults in these states are most likely to watch Fox News at least once a week (31\%).
2. Strong majorities of adults in the five states surveyed, including both Democrats and Republicans, say they are worried about misrepresentation of facts ( $83 \%$ ) and misinformation ( $83 \%$ ). Republicans ( $60 \%$ ) in the five states surveyed are more likely than Democrats ( $26 \%$ ) in those states to say there is a lot of misinformation spread on news media.
3. A bipartisan majority in the five states surveyed agree with the statement "'Fake news' is used to purposefully mislead people."

MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION
Adults in the five surveyed states are most likely to get their information on government and politics from national news (39\%) and local television news (38\%), of the options tested. However, one third say they get their news from social media (33\%).
Thinking specifically about information on government and politics, from which of the following do you get the majority of your information on government and politics? Please select up to three options.

Selected
Not Selected


Of the news sources tested, adults in the five states surveyed are most likely to watch Fox News at least once a week (31\%).
On average, how often do you read or watch the following?*
At Least Once


## MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION

Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed say that a lot of misinformation is spread on social media ( $73 \%$ ) and internet sources (58\%).
How much misinformation / misrepresentation of facts do you believe are spread on each of the following platforms?


Nearly all adults say they believe there is a lot or some spread of misinformation and misrepresentation of facts in social media across all states surveyed.
How much misinformation / misrepresentation of facts do you believe are spread on each of the following platforms?

## Misinformation

| \% a lot / a lot + some | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Social Media | 73\% / 91\% | 76\% / 91\% | 75\% / 94\% | 71\% / 88\% | 71\% / 91\% | 77\% / 90\% |
| Internet sources | 58\% / 89\% | 60\% / 92\% | 65\% / 91\% | 58\% / 87\% | 54\% / 89\% | 65\% / 88\% |
| News media | 48\% / 84\% | 50\% / 86\% | 48\% / 87\% | 45\% / 82\% | 49\% / 85\% | 58\% / 85\% |

## Misrepresentation of facts

| \% a lot / a lot + some | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Social Media | $71 \% / 90 \%$ | $76 \% / 92 \%$ | $75 \% / 94 \%$ | $67 \% / 86 \%$ | $70 \% / 91 \%$ |
| Internet sources | $56 \% / 88 \%$ | $56 \% / 92 \%$ | $60 \% / 93 \%$ | $50 \% / 85 \%$ | $53 \% / 87 \%$ |
| News media | $49 \% / 83 \%$ | $50 \% / 86 \%$ | $50 \% / 86 \%$ | $47 \% / 89 \%$ |  |

MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION
Strong majorities of adults in the five states surveyed say they are worried about misrepresentation of facts (83\%) and misinformation (83\%).
How worried are you, if at all, about each of the following?
Very worried
Somewhat worrieDon't know/no opinioNot too worrieNot at all worrie


Republicans and Democrats in the five states surveyed are just as likely to be worried about misinformation (Dem. 85\%, Rep. 86\%) and misrepresentati on of facts (Dem. $85 \%$, Rep 87\%).


29\%

Approximately four in five adults say say they are worried about both misinformation and misrepresentation of facts across each of the five states surveyed.
How worried are you, if at all, about each of the following?


Misrepresentation of facts

MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION
Pluralities of adults in the five states surveyed say both liberal media and conservative media are equally responsible when it comes to misrepresentation of facts (47\%) and misinformation in the news (46\%). When it comes to misinformation in the news, which do you believe is primarily responsible for each of the following?

Both liberal media
and conservative media are equally responsibl

Neither liberal media nor conservativ media are responsible

Don't know/no opinio
$37 \%$ of Democrats in the five states surveyed say conservative media is primarily responsible for misinformation, while 44\% of Republicans say liberal media is primarily responsible for misinformation.


## MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION

Pluralities of adults across the five states surveyed say both liberal and conservative media are equally responsible for misinformation and misrepresentation of facts.
When it comes to misinformation in the news, which do you believe is primarily responsible for each of the following?


Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed (56\%) strongly agree with the statement "Fake news' is used to purposely mislead people."
Do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements:


Less than a quarter of adults across the five states surveyed agree with the statement "Fake news' is usually stated accidentally."
Do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements:

| \% strongly agree / total agree | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 'Fake news' is used to purposefully mislead people | 56\% / 81\% | 57\% / 83\% | 61\% / 86\% | 59\% 79\% | 51\% / 81\% | 58\% / 79\% |
| Politicians use 'fake news' to dismiss facts that are actually true | 46\% / 76\% | 52\% / 80\% | 51\% / 80\% | 47\% / 76\% | 41\% / 74\% | 47\% / 76\% |
| 'Fake news' is usually stated accidentally | 6\% / 16\% | 6\% / 15\% | 4\% / 15\% | 7\% / 17\% | 5\% / 16\% | 3\% / 12\% |

# GENERAL SENTIMENT <br> STATE OF DEMOCRACY PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND <br> MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION 

2020 ELECTION
VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE M

## KEY FINDINGS: 2020 ELECTION

1. Majorities of Republicans in the five states surveyed say the last several presidential elections have been generally less secure than presidential elections held before then (63\%).
2. And, only $\mathbf{5 1 \%}$ of adults in the five states surveyed believe that former Vice President Joe Biden legitimately defeated incumbent President Donald Trump in the November 2020 Presidential election.
3. Distrust in the election stems mainly from perceptions of illegal voting, among the options tested. Half of adults in the five states surveyed say that people voting illegally happened a lot or some in the November 2020 U.S. presidential elections (50\%).

Two thirds of adults in the five states surveyed say they always or nearly always vote in presidential elections (64\%).
How often would you say you vote in each of the following types of elections?


Adults over 65 years old in the five states surveyed are more likely than younger adults to say they always or nearly always vote in each of the elections tested.
How often would you say you vote in each of the following types of elections?

| \% always + nearly always | Five states | Age: 18-34 | Age: 35-44 | Age: 45-64 | Age: 65+ | Democrats | Independents | Republicans |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Presidential elections | 64\% | 44\% | 59\% | 73\% | 89\% | 72\% | 48\% | 77\% |
| State elections | 54\% | 30\% | 44\% | 66\% | 84\% | 62\% | 40\% | 66\% |
| Midterm elections | 49\% | 24\% | 41\% | 58\% | 82\% | 57\% | 34\% | 61\% |
| Local elections | 49\% | 24\% | 41\% | 62\% | 81\% | 56\% | 37\% | 60\% |
| Special elections | 45\% | 21\% | 37\% | 55\% | 76\% | 53\% | 31\% | 56\% |

## 2020 ELECTION

Pluralities of adults in the five states surveyed say the last several U.S. presidential elections have been generally less secure than presidential elections held before then (42\%).
Thinking about the last several presidential elections in the U.S., do you think the last several presidential elections have been generally more secure or less secure than those held in the past?


## 2020 ELECTION

Republicans ( $63 \%$ ) in the five states surveyed are more likely than Democrats (39\%) to say the last several presidential elections have been generally less secure than presidential elections held before then.
Thinking about the last several presidential elections in the U.S., do you think the last several presidential elections have been generally more secure or less secure than those held in the past?


## 2020 ELECTION

Half of adults (51\%) in the five states surveyed believe that former Vice President Joe Biden legitimately defeated incumbent President Donald Trump in the November 2020 Presidential election.
Do you believe that former Vice President Joe Biden legitimately defeated incumbent President Donald Trump in the November 2020 Presidential election?


One quarter of Republicans in the five states surveyed say they believe that Vice President Joe Biden legitimately defeated incumbent President Donald Trump in the November 2020 Presidential election (26\%). And, $81 \%$ of Democrats say the same.
Do you believe that former Vice President Joe Biden legitimately defeated incumbent President Donald Trump in the November 2020 Presidential election?

Yes, definitely
Yes, maybeDon't know/ no opinion

No, maybe not
No, definitely no


## 2020 ELECTION

A plurality of adults in the five states surveyed say the November 2020 election was secure, and the results were decided fairly (43\%).
And, which of the following comes closest to your opinion, even if neither of the statements are exactly right?


## 2020 ELECTION

A plurality of rural adults in the five states surveyed say the November 2020 presidential election had widespread fraud, and the results were not decided fairly (43\%).
And, which of the following comes closest to your opinion, even if neither of the statements are exactly right?


## 2020 ELECTION

Half of adults in the five states surveyed say that people voting illegally happened a lot or some in the November 2020 U.S. presidential elections (50\%).
To what extent do you believe each of the following happened in the November 2020 U.S. presidential election?


Of the five states surveyed, adults in Wyoming are more likely to say the election was rigged (55\%).

To what extent do you believe each of the following happened in the November 2020 U.S. presidential election?

| \% a lot / a lot + some | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| People voted illegally | 28\% / 50\% | 32\% / 59\% | 31\% / 50\% | 24\% / 42\% | 27\% / 52\% | 40\% / 62\% |
| The election was rigged | 25\% / 42\% | 29\% / 49\% | 27\% / 45\% | 19\% / 34\% | 27\% / 42\% | 35\% / 55\% |
| People were discouraged or prevented from voting | 19\% / 49\% | 19\% / 49\% | 20\% / 54\% | 17\% / 47\% | 20\% / 49\% | 21\% / 45\% |
| There was foreign interference in the election | 16\% / 47\% | 16\% / 50\% | 17\% / 48\% | 16\% / 42\% | 14\% / 48\% | 20\% / 50\% |

When forced to choose, adults in the five states surveyed are more likely to say people voting illegally (43\%) was a bigger problem than people being discouraged from voting in the November 2020 U.S. presidential election (32\%).
In your opinion, if you had to choose, which of the following was a bigger problem in the November 2020 U.S. presidential election?


Democrats in the five states surveyed are more likely to say people being discouraged from voting (50\%) was a bigger problem than people voting illegally in the November 2020 U.S. presidential election (11\%). The opposite it true for Republicans ( $18 \%$ versus $71 \%$ ).
In your opinion, if you had to choose, which of the following was a bigger problem in the November 2020 U.S. presidential election?
Some people voting illegally
Neither was a problem in the election
Some people were discouraged or prevented from voting


## 2020 ELECTION

Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed (54\%) agree with the statement, "claims that the November 2020 U.S. presidential election had widespread election fraud, and the results were not decided fairly, undermine my confidence in democracy."
Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Claims that the November 2020 U.S. presidential election had widespread election fraud, and the results were not decided fairly, undermine my confidence in democracy.


Three quarters of Republicans in the five states surveyed (77\%) agree with the statement "claims that the November 2020 U.S. presidential election had widespread election fraud, and the results were not decided fairly, undermine my confidence in democracy."
Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Claims that the November 2020 U.S. presidential election had widespread election fraud, and the results were not decided fairly, undermine my confidence in democracy.


## GENERAL SENTIMENT STATE OF DEMOCRACY PERCEPTIONS ON COMMON GROUND MEDIA \& MISINFORMATION <br> 2020 ELECTION

VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE
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## KEY FINDINGS: VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE

1. While $\mathbf{5 8 \%}$ of adults in the five states surveyed say political violence is not justified in a democracy, $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ say political violence is justified when things have gotten so bad that the government is not acting in the best interest of the people.
2. However, approximately three quarters of adults in the five states surveyed say the actions of those involved in the violence at the U.S. Capitol were not justified (71\%).
3. Democrats ( $79 \%$ ) in the five states surveyed are much more likely than Republicans (13\%) in those states to say Former President Donald Trump was most responsible for violence at the U.S. Capitol.
4. And, majorities of adults in the five states surveyed say it is likely the U.S. sees violence in the future similar to the events at the U.S. Capitol on January 6th, 2021.

## VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE

$58 \%$ of adults in the five states surveyed say political violence is not justified in a democracy.
Which of the following statements is closer to your opinion, even if neither is exactly right?


VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE
Republicans in the five states surveyed (25\%) are more likely than Democrats (13\%) to say political violence is justified in a democracy when you believe things have gotten so bad that the government is not acting in the best interests of the people.
Which of the following statements is closer to your opinion, even if neither is exactly right?


VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE
Approximately three quarters of adults in the five states surveyed say the actions of those involved in the violence at the U.S. Capitol were not justified (71\%).
Violence occurred at the U.S. Capitol on January 6th, 2021. The violence disrupted a joint session of Congress convened to certify the results of the November 2020 presidential election and threatened those in the Capitol. Thinking about the violence at the U.S. Capitol, generally do you believe the actions of those involved were justified?


VIEWS ON JANUARY 6TH VIOLENCE
Republicans (24\%) in the five states surveyed are more likely than Democrats (10\%) to say the actions of those involved in the violence at the U.S. Capitol were justified.
Violence occurred at the U.S. Capitol on January 6th, 2021. The violence disrupted a joint session of Congress convened to certify the results of the November 2020 presidential election and threatened those in the Capitol. Thinking about the violence at the U.S. Capitol, generally do you believe the actions of those involved were justified?


Of the options tested, adults in the five states surveyed say Former President Donald Trump was most responsible for violence at the U.S. Capitol (38\%).
Who was most responsible for the violence at the U.S. Capitol? Please select up to two options.

Democrats (79\%) in the five states surveyed are much more likely than Republicans (13\%) in those states to say Former President President was most responsible for violence at the violence at the
U.S. Capitol.

Selected

views on January 6th violence
Of the five states surveyed, adults in Wyoming are least likely to say Former President Donald Trump was most responsible for the violence at the U.S. Capitol (28\%).
Who was most responsible for the violence at the U.S. Capitol? Please select up to two options.

| \% selected | Five states | Idaho | Montana | Nevada | Utah | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Former President Donald Trump | 38\% | 33\% | 40\% | 44\% | 36\% | 28\% |
| Far right activists | 20\% | 20\% | 19\% | 21\% | 22\% | 13\% |
| Media | 15\% | 19\% | 21\% | 9\% | 18\% | 19\% |
| Antifa | 11\% | 15\% | 12\% | 10\% | 8\% | 15\% |
| Far left activists | 11\% | 13\% | 10\% | 10\% | 13\% | 9\% |
| Proud boys | 10\% | 7\% | 8\% | 13\% | 10\% | 7\% |
| Black Lives Matter | 9\% | 8\% | 8\% | 8\% | 8\% | 14\% |
| Democrats in Congress | 9\% | 9\% | 6\% | 8\% | 11\% | 13\% |
| Republicans in Congress | 8\% | 5\% | 7\% | 12\% | 7\% | 4\% |
| President Joe Biden | 7\% | 8\% | 9\% | 4\% | 7\% | 11\% |

Majorities of adults in the five states surveyed say it is likely the U.S. sees violence in the future similar to the events at the U.S. Capitol on January 6th, 2021.
In your view, how likely or unlikely is it that the U.S. sees violence in the future on government officials or buildings, similar to the violence at the U.S. Capitol on January 6th, 2021?


Majorities of adults across key demographic groups in the five states surveyed say it is likely the U.S. sees violence in the future similar to the events at the U.S. Capitol on January 6th, 2021.
In your view, how likely or unlikely is it that the U.S. sees violence in the future on government officials or buildings, similar to the violence at the U.S. Capitol on January 6th, 2021?

|  | - Very likely | Somewhat likely Don't know/unsure | - Not too likely | Not at all likely |  | Total Likely |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults in the five states surveyed | 23\% | 38\% | 20\% | 15\% | 5\% | 61\% |
| Age: 18-34 | 21\% | 35\% | 26\% | 13\% | 4\% | 56\% |
| Age: 35-44 | 26\% | 32\% | 17\% | 19\% | 6\% | 58\% |
| Age: 45-64 | 22\% | 41\% | 18\% | 14\% | 4\% | 63\% |
| Age: 65+ | 24\% | 45\% | 13\% | 14\% | 4\% | 69\% |
| PID: Dem (no lean) | 23\% | 39\% | 16\% | 17\% | 5\% | 62\% |
| PID: Ind (no lean) | 24\% | 35\% | 24\% | 13\% | 5\% | 59\% |
| PID: Rep (no lean) | 22\% | 42\% | 17\% | 15\% | 4\% | 64\% |
| Community: Urban | 22\% | 35\% | 21\% | 15\% | 6\% | 57\% |
| Community: Suburban | 23\% | 40\% | 17\% | 15\% | 4\% | 63\% |
| Community: Rural | 22\% | 39\% | 21\% | 14\% | 4\% | 61\% |
| Evangelical Christian | 19\% | 39\% | 11\% | \% | 9\% | 58\% |
| Non-Evangelical Christian | 19\% | 40\% | 19\% | 18\% | 4\% | 59\% |
| Religion: Other | 26\% | 37\% | 21\% | 12\% | 4\% | 63\% |

## consult <br> Y MORNING

